Safety Alert – Drop/Mitre Saw

What is the risk

Powered mitre or drop saws come in a variety of configurations with names that describe the action of the saw such as slide, compound mitre and cross-cut. These saws are portable however in schools they are often setup as a fitted machine built into a bench (see Figure 1) or fitted to a stand with infeed and outfeed supports to handle long lengths of material.

Risk of injury exists when:

- Positioning of fingers/hand close to fast rotating saw blade
- Operating the saw if conditions are moist or wet
- Cutting of small or short items
- Cutting round, cylindrical or irregular shaped material
- Incorrect use of equipment using for rip cutting

How can risks be managed?

- 1. The manufacturer's instructions are to be used to review annually and update (as needed) the <u>safe operating procedure</u> (SOP)
- 2. Ensure staff and students are aware of the hazards, risks and safe operation prior to using the saw e.g.:
 - all operators have read and understood the SOP before using the machine
 - induction including demonstration is provided on the safe use of the equipment before it is operated
 - only students with appropriate foundation skills and safety knowledge who are provided with adequate induction and supervision are to use mitre saws as part of their practical curriculum activities
- 3. Supervision:
 - is appropriate for the level/experience of the operator.
 - ensure PPE is used and safe practice followed e.g. long hair is restrained
- 4. The saw and work area are in safe working condition e.g.:
 - saw blade teeth, guard, clamp and saw mechanism are in place as per manufacturer's instructions and checked regularly for damage and to ensure good working order
 - waste off-cuts and wood-dust is removed to ensure unobstructed work
 - the area around the equipment is free from slip/trip hazards or other clutter
 - the saw is secured to the bench, the material is supported and clamped where needed
 - check the electrical plug and lead are not damaged and are appropriately tested and tagged
- 5. Appropriate material is used e.g.:
 - material is of appropriate length and shape to be held securely when cutting
 - defects and obstructions such as nails and screws are identified prior to cutting
 - material is always positioned flat on the table of the saw, held firmly against the rear fence, supported securely and clamped as required
 - Do not cross arms when cutting.
 - Do not start the saw with the blade touching the material.
 - DO NOT use faulty or unsecured equipment isolate and report this immediately



